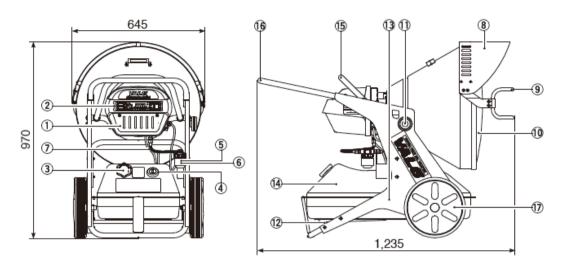
VAL6 EPX

Maintenance Manual



Shizuoka Seiki Co., Ltd.

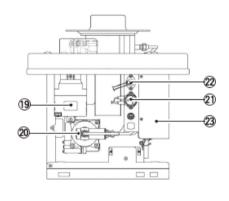
Names of components

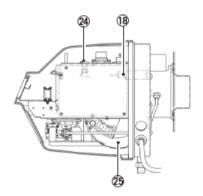


- 1 Burner Cover
- ② Switch Section
- 3 Fuel Cap
- 4 Fuel Gauge
- (5) Fuel Filter
- (6) Strainer Heater
- Tuel Suction and Return Hoses
- ® Visor
- 9 Safety Guard
- 10 Radiation Disk
- 11 Knob Bolt
- ① Drain Bolt

- 13 Tank Legs
- 14 Fuel Tank
- (5) Burner Handle
- (6) Transport Handle
- (17) Wheel

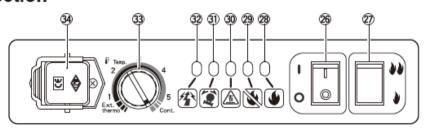
Burner Section





- (Flame Monitor (Flame Eye)
- (9) Ignition Transformer
- 20 Fuel Pump
- 21) Tip-over Sensor
- 22 Overheat Sensor
- 23 Circuit Board
- 24 Fuse
- 25 Air Intake Motor

Switch Section



- 26 Operating Switch
 - This ignites or extinguishes the flame.
- ② Change-over Switch

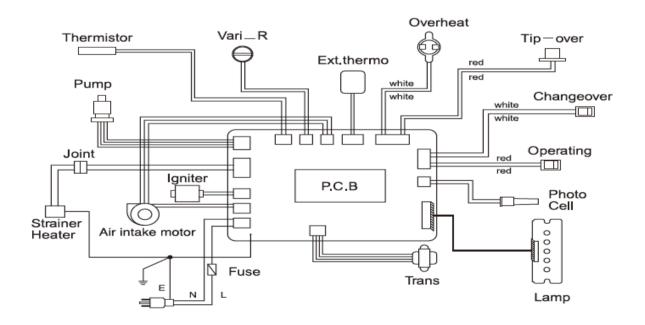
This changes over combustion in two step combustion.

- 28 Operation Lamp
- 29 Misfire Lamp

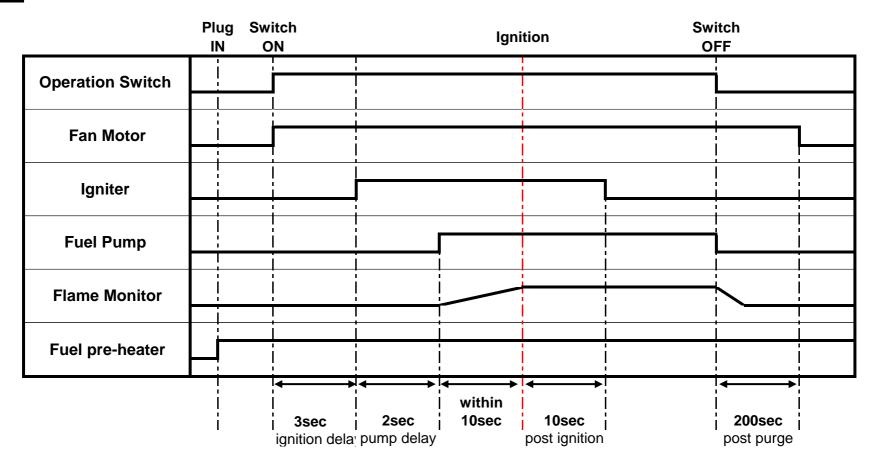
- 30 Overheat Lamp
- 3 Tip-over Lamp
- 3 Overvoltage Lamp
- 33 Internal Thermostat Knob
- 3 External Thermostat Connector

	Model		EPX1	EPX5	
	Power Source		230V, 50Hz	120V, 60Hz	
	Туре		Radiated (direct fired	
Hoot /	Automit.	High	35,000kcal/hr	140,000BTU/hr	
пеаг	Dutput	Low	25,000kcal/hr	100,000BTU/hr	
	Fuel		Kerosene or Fuel-Oil no h	neavier than No.2 (Diesel)	
	Tank Capacity		58Liters	15.4gallons	
Fuel Con	aumutlan	High	3.19kg/hr	1.02gallons/hr	
ruei Con	sumption	Low	2.32kg/hr	0.75gallons/hr	
	Nozzle Size		0.75gal/60° H for	'H lot 0.85gal/60° H	
Continuous O	navating Time	High	15 hours		
Continuous O	perating Time	Low	20 hours		
	in igniting		115W	120W	
Power Consumption	in operation	High	92W	90W	
	in operation	Low	86W	89W	
Notes Level	In anavation)	High	67 dB (A)		
Noise Level	(In operation)	Low	63 d	B (A)	
	Fuse		1.6A	3.0A	
Ext	ernal Dimension (H x W	x D)	970 x 645 x 1,235 mm	38.2 x 25.4 x 48.6 in	
Dry Welght			50kg	110lbs	
			• Filter ele	ement x 2	
	Accessories		• Noza		
	Accessories		Nozzlę V		
			• Oil S	• Oil Seal x 2	

3 Wiring Diagram



Sequence Time Chart



Description of indication lamps

					(4)
1)Normal operation					
②Misfire				*	
③Overheated			*		
4)Tilted		*			
⑤Overvoltage detected	*				
6Power shutdown					
Misfire 5 times in a row	*	*	*	*	
8Low voltage detected					
Abnormal fan speed	*	*	*		

= lighting	*	=	blinking

	Status/(Timing)	Possible causes	Remedy
	Operation lamp is lit, but	Standby condition for	Increase the preset
	heater <u>doesn't start</u>	thermostat	temperature of
		(The preset temperature	thermostat.
①Normal operation		of internal/external	*To keep heater running
		thermostat is below the	continuously, an internal
		ambient temperature)	thermostat knob is set on
			"Cont." position.
	(At the start of the	Direct sunlight hits flame	Turn away form the direct
	operation)	monitor	sunlight
② Misfire	(Within 15 seconds after	Lens of flame monitor is	Clean the lens of flame
Description: When the heater	switching on)	dirty or dusty	monitor with soft cloth
does not ignite or the flame is	(During the operation)	Nozzle or filter element is	-
extinguished during operation,		clogged	element
the misfire lamp will blink.	Fuel pump is idling with	Loose fitting in fuel line	Tighten all fittings and
·	clicking sound		repeat start-operation
	Other	Nozzle or filter element	Replace a nozzle or filter
		may be clogged	
③ Overheated	(During the operation)	Burner unit is overheated	
<u>Description:</u> When the heater			overheat
overheats, the overheated			
lamp will blink			
4 Tilted	(At the start of the	The heater stays on	Move the heater to flat
Description: When the heater	operation)	slope	level
topples to the ground or gets a high impact, the tilted lamp will	(During the operation)	The heater gets a high	Restart the heater
blink		impact	
5 Overvoltage detected		Extremely high voltage is	Check the voltage of
Description: When the heater		detected	_
detects extremely high-		detected	power source
voltage, the overvoltage lamp		Standard valtage: 230\	/ (EPX1)/ 120V (EPX5)
will blink.		Standard Voltage.250 V	(LFX1)/ 120V (LFX3)
Power shutdown		Power supply shuts down	
Description: When the power		such as a blackout	
supply is restored after it			
shuts down during operation			
because of blackout or other			
reason, all lamp will light.			

	Status/(Timing)	Possible causes	Remedy
7 Misfire 5 times in a row Description: When the heater does not ignite with five (5)	tries thus the heater shall	Nozzle or filter element is clogged	Replace a Nozzle or filter element
consecutive tries, four (4) lamps will blink.	be beyond switch control to avoid unexpected accident	Loose fitting in fuel line	Tighten all fittings and repeat start-operation
* Unburned oil may be prese	ent in combustion chamber	after consecutive tries, ple	ease drain it to avoid a fire.
8 Low voltage detected Description: When the heater detects lower voltage at the beginning of or during the operation, the overvoltage lamp will light with operation lamp is lighting.	Operation is normal but the low voltage lamp is lit		Check the voltage of power source
Abnormal fan speed Description: When the air intake motor does not rotate	Fan motor does not rotate, or does rotate slowly	Voltage depression	Check the voltage of power source
or rotate slowly, three (3) lamps will blink.		Fan motor is clogged	Replace a fan motor

6 Standard resistance & Standard Voltage

Standard resistance of functional parts Chart1

Pa	rts name	Connector No.		Lead	Condition	Resis EPX1 (230V)	tance EPX5 (120V)	Remarks
	peration switch	CN 1	1-2 PIN	Red-Red	on off	0 ∞	Ω	
	angeover switch	ON	4-5 PIN	White-White	on off	0 ∞		
Т	ip-over		1-2 PIN	Red-Red	inactive	0	Ω	Activation: at an angle of 50-80 degree
\$	switch	CN 2	1 Z FIN	Ned Ned	active	∞		Restitution: at an angle of less than 25 degree
_	verheat		3-4 PIN	White-White	inactive	0		OFF: 90±4°C
	otection			***************************************	active	∞		ON: 70±7°C
	ermistor	CN	N 17	Black — Black	0°C	24		
(Temper	rature sensor)	0.	• . ,	Black Black	10°C	19.5k Ω		
					20°C	13k Ω		
					30°C	8.9		
Adjust	able resistor				Ext. thermo	0		
_	hermostat cable)	CN 16		White-White	Scale 3	1k		
•	•				Cont.	2k Ω		
	noto cell	С	N 9	Black — Black	dark		DC5V*	
(Flam	ne monitor)		11 0		light		C1.2V*	
Tra	insformer	CI	N 10	Red-White	input	approx. 1.6kΩ	approx. 200 Ω	
114		5	1 10	Purple-Purple	output	under 10Ω	under 6Ω	
1	Igniter	C	N12	Black — Black (fine)	input (board)	approx. a	few MΩ	
	ignicer		1112	Black — Black (thick)	output (electrode)	approx. 3kΩ	approx. 4kΩ	
Solenoid	solenoid valve	CN 14	1-3 PIN	Yellow-Yellow	-	approx. 3.3kΩ	approx. 700 Ω	High: 12.5kgf/cm2 Low: 7.0kgf/cm2 for H lot
pump	pump	ON 14	2-4PIN	Blue-Blue	-	approx. 400 Ω	approx. 80 Ω	High: 10kgf/cm2 Low: 5.5kgf/cm2
Fa	n motor	CI	N 15	EPX1 Red-Red EPX5 Brown-Brown	_	approx. 380 Ω	approx. 80 Ω	Air inlet opening: Normal scale 5

*in standby condition

Chart2 Input & Output of Burner Control

Do	Parts name		Connector No. Lead		Condition	Voltage	
Га	rts name	Conne	ctor INO.	Leau	Condition	EPX1	EPX5
Ро	wer plug	CI	N 11	Black-White	_	AC 230V	AC 120V
Tro	nsformer	CN	N 10	Red-White	input	AC 230V	AC 120V
Ira	instormer	5	110	Purple-Purple	output	AC 15V	
	gnition nsformer	CI	N 12	Black-Black (fine)	input (board)	AC 230V	AC 120V
Solenoid	solenoid valve	CN 14	1-3 PIN	Yellow-Yellow	-	AC 230V	AC 120V
pump	pump	01114	2-4PIN	Blue-Blue	-	AC 120-180V	AC 60-96V
Fa	ın motor	CI	N 15	EPX1 Red-Red	_	AC 230V	AC 120V
				EPX5 Brown-Brown			,

7 Troubleshooting for VAL6 EPX1/EPX5

Phenomenon				
Fuel is leaking		No. 1−2		
Fuse blows out	At the time of plugging into the power supply	3-4		
	At the time of turning on operation switch	5		
	About 3 seconds after turning on operation switch	6		
	About 5 seconds after turning on operation switch	7		
	At the time of changing to low combustion	8		
Heater cannot start up	No lamp is lit	9-18		
(heater does not operate at all with switching on)	Only operation lamp is lit, but heater does not start	19-21		
	Overheat lamp is lit (Overheat protection is working)	22-24		
	Tip-over lamp is lit (Tip-over switch is working)	25-27		
	Overvoltage lamp is lit (Overvoltage detection is working)	28-29		
	Overheat, tip-over and overvoltage lamp is lit (Abnormal fan speed detection is working)	30-35		
	Overheat, tip-over and overvoltage lamp is lit (Abnormal fan speed detection is working)	36-37		
Electrode is not sparking	Westerna	38-41		
The heater does not ignite	Fuel pump doesn't turn on (no vibration of fuel pump)	42-46		
	Fuel pump is idling with clicking sound	47-48		
	Fuel is not sprayed normally from the nozzle	49-55		
Combustion stops during the operation	Misfire lamp is lit within about 15 seconds after switching on	56-62		
	Overheat lamp blinks during operation (in any time)	63		
	Tip-over lamp blinks during operation (in any time)	64-65		
	Overvoltage lamp lights during operation (Low voltage detection is working)	66-67		
Combustion is not stable		68		
Smoke comes out	Smoke is continuous for about 3 minutes (or heater produces WHITE smoke)	69-70		
	Heater produces BLACK smoke	71		
	Heater is using in high altitude	72		
Smell of fuel comes out		73-75		
Flame bounces out from the disk		76		
	Heater is using in high altitude	77		
Changeover switch doesn't work		78-81		
Internal thermostat doesn't work (Heater doesn't stop operation at preset temperature)		82-87		

No.	Possible Cause	How to check	Result	Remedy
	s leaking			
1	Drain gasket and/or packing is defective	Remove a drain bolt from tank after draining fuel, and check whether its packing are damaged	Fuel leaks because of broken bolt packing	Replace a packing
	《How to drain the fuel	Wrench (24mm) Loosen	Dra	
_	Too much fuel in the tank	Check the fuel level		Drain excess fuel
	blows out	•		
At t	he time of plugging int	to the power supply		
		Disconnect transformer connector (CN 10) from burner control board, then measure coil resistance values of two leads	the transformer is short- circuited	Replace a transformer
		purple-pu	EPX5 e: about 1.6kΩ red-whit	e: about 200 Ω urple: about 6 Ω
		connector (CN 10) from	If the fuse is intact, the transformer is short- circuited	Replace a transformer
4	Surge absorber(SA1) on burner control is short-circuited	Measure resistance at surge absorber (SA1)	If it shows 0Ω , surge absorber is short-circuited	Replace a burner control
	《How to check SA1》	SA1		
	he time of turning on o		iff it about 00 the few sell	Danlass a few weets:
5	Fan motor is short- circuited	Disconnect fan motor connector (CN 15) from burner control, then measure resistance between terminals (Cord color & Standard valu EPX1 brown-brown: about 380 Ω		Replace a fan motor
		•Without multimeter Unplug fan motor connector (CN 15), and then start operation	If the fuse is intact, the fan coil is short-circuited	Replace a fan motor

No.	Possible Cause	How to check	Result	Remedy
		ning on operation switch		
6			If it shows 0Ω , the coil of	Replace an ignition
•	short-circuited	transformer connector (CN		transformer
		12) from burner control,	short-circuited	
		then measure resistance		e)black-black (fine): few M
		between terminals		c) black black (IIIIc). ICW W
		Disconnect ignition	If it shows 0Ω , the coil of	Replace an ignition
		transformer cord from		transformer
		electrode, then measure its	. —	a anoronno
		resistance	(Cord color & Standard valu	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
			· ·	
			EPX1 black-black (thick):	EPX5 black-black (thick):
		West 1	approx. 3kΩ	approx. 4k Ω
		• Without multimeter	TO Alle Control Control Alle	Danis and invition
		•	If the fuse is intact, the	Replace an ignition
		transformer connector (CN	: ~	transformer
		12), and then start	circuited	
Abo	ut 5 accorde ofter tur	operation ning on operation switch		
	Fuel pump is short-		If it shows 0Ω, the fuel	Replace a fuel pump
l '	circuited	connector (CN 14) from	pump coil is short-circuited	
		circuit board, then measure	parily con is short on careed	
		resistance between	(Cord color & Standard valu	ie)
		terminals		EPX5 blue-blue: approx.
		communa	400Ω	80Ω
		• Without multimeter	TOO 10	00.35
		Ī	If fuse is intact, the fuel	Replace a fuel pump
		connector (CN 14), then	pump coil is short-circuited	
		turn on	pamp con lo chore on careea	
At t	he time of changing to	-		
	Solenoid valve of fuel		If it shows 0Ω , the fuel	Replace a fuel pump
	pump is short-circuited	connector (CN 14) from	pump coil is short-circuited	
			(Cord color & Standard valu	ie)
		resistance between		EPX5 yellow-yellow:
		terminals		approx. 700Ω
Heate	er cannot start up (he	ater does not work at all v		нартом. 700 ж
	amp is lit			
		Measure voltage of AC	If it shows 0V, power cable	Plug into a working outlet
	supplied	outlet.	is not receiving electricity.	
		Ē	(or if under 90% of	
		(or plug in another power	standard, could be power	
		tool and see if it works)	shortage)	
10	Fuse is blowing out		If circuit tester reads $\infty \Omega$,	Find a cause(s) of blown
			·	fuse and solve it,(refer to
		lead with circuit tester	₫	#1−8), then replace with a
				new fuse
	《How to replace a fuse	<u>.</u> e》 (EPX1)	(EPX5)	5
	·			
			Fuse	Fuse
	i			

No.	Possible Cause	How to check	Result	Remedy
11	Power cord is disconnected	Take power source connector (CN 11) out from burner control, then	If either of the lead is broken, power cord is broken	Replace a power cord
		check each lead with circuit tester		
12	Power source connector is loose connection	Plug in power source connector (CN 11) again, then turn on	If it works normally, power source connector fails on contact	Plug in connector (CN 11) firmly
13	Transformer connector is loose connection	Plug in transformer connector (CN 10) again, and then turn on	If it works normally, transformer connector fails on contact	Plug in connector (CN 10) firmly
14	Circuit board (Burner control) is defective	Measure voltage at input side of transformer connector (CN 10)	If power source is normal and tester reads 0V at input side, burner control is defective	Replace a burner control
		(Cord color & Standard valu EPX1 red-white: AC230V (input voltage)	EPX5 red-white: AC120V (input voltage)	
15	Transformer is defective	Measure voltage at output side of transformer connector (CN 10)	If tester reads normal voltage at input side, and reads 0V at output side, transformer is defective	Replace a transformer
40	<u> </u>	(Cord color & Standard valu		
16	Transformer cord is disconnection		If it shows ∞ Ω, the transformer cord is disconnection e) EPX5	Replace a transformer
			red-white: approx. 200Ω	
17	Operation switch connector is loose connection	purple-purple: approx. 10Ω Plug in operation switch connector (CN 1) again, and then turn on		Plug in connector (CN 1) firmly
18	Operation switch is defective	Take operation switch	If it doesn't conduct when turned on switch, operation switch is defective	
		<u>but heater does not start</u>		
19	Thermostat connector (CN6) is loose connection	Plug in thermostat connector (CN 6) again, and then turn on	If it works normally, thermostat connector fails on contact	Plug in connector (CN 6) firmly
20	External thermostat is working / External thermostat cord is disconnection / External thermostat is defective	Check the conduction of external thermostat	If it doesn't conduct (∞ Ω), External thermostat is working / External thermostat cord is disconnection / External thermostat is defective	Change the setting of a thermostat / Replace a thermostat

No.	Possible Cause	How to check	Result	Remedy
21			If it works normally, the	Increase the preset
	working	temperature of thermostat		temperature of thermostat.
	(the preset		thermostat.	*To keep heater running,
	temperature of internal			an internal thermostat
	thermostat is below the			knob shall be set on
	ambient temperature)		Ext. Cont.	"Cont." position.
		heat protection is working		DI : (ON 0)
22		Plug in overheat protection	<u> </u>	Plug in connector (CN 2)
	connector (CN 2) is loose connection	connector (CN 2) again, and then turn on	overheat protection connector fails on contact	firmly
00				W '
23	•	:	If it doesn't conduct $(\infty \Omega)$,	<u> </u>
	working / Overheat	overheat protection	Overheat protection is	down for several minutes /
	protection cord is	(Cord color&Standard	working / Overheat	Replace a overheat
	disconnection /	value)	protection cord is	protection
	-	white-white: Conduction 0	-	
24	defective	<u>Ω</u> Not applicable in above	protection is defective	Replace a burner control
	: ·over lamp is lit (Tip−o			Replace a burner control
			If it works normally, tip-	Plug in connector (CN 2)
	· ·	connector (CN 2) again,	over switch connector fails	-
		and then turn on	on contact	
26			If it doesn't conduct $(\infty \Omega)$	Replace a tip-over switch
	• •	tip-over switch	when the heater is on the	
	over switch is defective		level.	
		value)	Tip-over switch cord is	
		red-red: Conduction 0Ω	disconnection / Tip-over	
			switch is defective	
27		Not applicable in above		Replace a burner control
		<u>vervoltage detection is wo</u>		
28		-	If excessive voltage is	Plug into a working outlet
	detected	outlet.	detected (over 300V for	
		.	EPX1 / over 150V for	
		EPX5 AC120V	EPX5) in AC outlet,	
			overvoltage detection is	
-00		N. I. I. I. I	working	D
29	i uhaat tin-ayayanday	Not applicable in above	umal for annual data ation	Replace a burner control
		Plug in terminal connector	If it works normally	Plug in terminal connector
00	-	for condenser of fan motor		firmly
			condenser of fan motor	y
31	Condenser of fan	Measure resistance at		Replace a fan motor
	motor is defective	condenser of fan motor	condenser is defective	£
		Standard: detect		
		resistance for a moment		
		and return to $\infty \Omega$		
32	Fan speed sensor		If it works normally, fan	Plug in connector (CN 8)
	connector (CN 8) is	connector (CN 8) again,	speed sensor connector	firmly
	loose connection	and then turn on	(CN 8) fails on contact	,
33	Fan motor connector	Plug in fan motor	If it works normally, fan	Plug in connector (CN 15)
- •	(CN15) is loose	connector (CN15) again,	motor connector (CN15)	firmly
	connection	and then turn on	fails on contact	,
	-			

No.	Possible Cause	How to check	Result	Remedy
34	Fan motor is stuck	Turn the fan by hand	If the fan doesn't rotate or	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	motor or replace a fan
L		•	motor is stuck	motor
35	Fan motor is defective		If it shows AC 230V/120V,	Replace a fan motor
		terminal for fan motor (CN	fan motor is defective	
		15) on burner control		
		EDVE 4 0 4 0 0 /	If it shows AC 0V, burner	Replace a burner control
<u> </u>	1 1 2	!	control is defective	
			ormal fan speed detection	Switching "OFF" and
36	Power supply is recovered after power	Once the operation switch is "OFF", then turn on the	supply is shut down while	"ON"
	shutdown such as a	operation switch again	the operation switch is	ON
	blackout while the	operation switch again	"ON"	
	operation switch is		011	
	Disconnect a power			
	plug while the operation			
	switch is "ON"			
37	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Not applicable in above	i	Replace a burner control
	rode is not sparking	rtoc approable in above		integrated a partier certifier
	Ignition transformer	Plug in ignition transformer	If it works normally, ignition	Plug in connector (CN12)
	connector (CN12) is	connector (CN12) again,		firmly
	loose connection	and then turn on the	(CN12) fails on contact	j
		operation switch		
39	Ignition transformer is	Measure voltage at	If it shows AC 230V/120V,	Replace an ignition
	defective / Ignition	terminal for ignition	fan motor is defective	transformer
	transformer cord is	transformer (CN12) on		
	disconnection	burner control		
	Burner control is	Standard: EPX1 AC230V	If it shows AC 0V, burner	Replace a burner control
	defective	EPX5 AC120V	control is defective	·
40	Ignition transformer is	Take an ignition	If it shows $\infty \Omega$, the	Replace an ignition
	defective	transformer cord out from	ignition transformer is	transformer
		electrode, then measure	(Cord color & Standard valu	e)
		resistance of ignition	EPX1 black-black (thick):	EPX5 black-black (thick):
		transformer	approx. 3kΩ	approx. 4k Ω
41	Electrode is defective			Replace an electrode
	(abnormal electrode)	Confirm that an electrode or		Clean an electrode or a
		a high-voltage cord are not		high-voltage cord
		wet or dirty by grime		
	(clearance is out of	Refer to drawing (See		
	alignment)	diagram blow)		
The h	eater does not ignite			
Fuel	pump doesn't turn on	(no vibration of the fuel		
42	Fuel pump connector	Plug fuel pump connector		Plug connector (CN14)
	(CN14) is loose	(CN14) again, and then turn	•	firmly
	connection	on the operation switch	contact	
43	Fuel pump is defective	Measure voltage at	If it shows AC 120∼	Replace a fuel pump
		terminal for fuel pump	$180V/60\sim96V$, the pump	
		connector (CN14) on	is defective	
		burner control		
	Burner control is		If it shows AC 0V, burner	Replace a circuit board
	defective	Cord color: blue-blue	control is defective	,
		Standard value:		
		EPX1: AC 120~180V		

No	Possible Cause	How to check	Result	Remedy
44	Fuel pump is defective		If it shows $\infty \Omega$, fuel pump	
	, alor pamp to dottoon to	connector (CN 14) from	is defective	race pamp
		burner control, then	(Cord color & Standard valu	e)
		measure coil resistance	EPX1 blue - blue: approx.	FPX5_blue = blue; approx
			_	80 Ω
45	Photo cell(flame	Turn the heater around	If it works normally, the	Turn the heater around /
	monitor) detects	against the outside light	heater detects outside light	Remove a reflective object
	outside light such as a			near the heater
	sunlight before ignition			
46	Photo cell(flame	Measure voltage at photo	If it shows less than DC	Replace a photo cell or a
	monitor) or burner	cell connector (CN9) with	1.2V when the photo cell is	burner control
	control is defective	the connector on burner	covered, the photo cell or	
		control	burner control is defective	
		(Condition: Standard value)		
		in dark: approx. DC 5V		
L		in light: less than DC 1.2V		
	pump is idling with cli			Damant stant sussession o
4/	Fuel pump is inhaling	If the heater is brand-new		Repeat start-operation 2
	air	or after refueling, the air is		or 3 times in order to pump air out of fuel line
		remaining in fuel line		* NEVER repeat more
				than 5 times in a row as
				fire may result
		If not, confirm no loose	If there are some loose	Tighten all fittings and
		fitting in fuel line	fitting in fuel line, fuel pump	
		Treeing in ruor into	suck the air	ropout start operation
48	Any clog in fuel filter,	Clean the fuel filter, fuel		Replace a fuel filter, fuel
	fuel line or fuel pump	line or fuel pump		line or fuel pump
	, ,	· ·		• •
Fuel	is not sprayed norma	lly from the nozzle		
	Fuel line is clogged			Clear the clog in fuel line
50	;	Check with eyes whether		Replace a fuel filter
	clogged	or not the fuel filter is dirty		
	//	or fouled		
	《How to replace a fuel Fuel Strainer	l tilter»		
	ruei Strainer	Tightening Ring		O Ring Gasket
			Element	Cup
		Loosen		
	Element			Tightening Ring
			Remove	AUDITA -
<u> </u>				

No.	Possible Cause	How to check	Result	Remedy		
51	Nozzle is clogged			Replace a nozzle		
				Clean and flush the tank		
				with kerosene, alcohol or		
	//	<u> </u>		acetone		
	《How to replace a noz	zie»				
		→ Loose	en de la companya de			
		and take the burner unit off		i= .		
52			If no fuel is pump up or fuel			
	defective	switch on and check	is not flowing at least 2"	Clean and flush the tank		
		whether fuel comes out		with kerosene, alcohol or		
		(place a pan under the	clogged or defective (see exhibit "How to restore the	acetone		
		pump)	fuel flow")			
	《How to check the fuel	i Loumo	iluel llow /	<u>.</u>		
	Loose the brass nut and switch on (make sure that pump turns on)					
53	Fuel filter and/or	<u> </u>	Because of low	Replace a fuel filter and/or		
"	nozzle is clogged by		temperature, fuel viscosity	nozzle, and warm the fuel		
	thick fuel		increase thus fuel filter	or mix kerosene with diesel		
			and/or nozzle is clogged			
	el is sprayed normally t	form the nozzle)				
54	Nozzle is clogged			Replace a nozzle		
				Clean and flush the tank		
				with kerosene, alcohol or		
EF	Fuel is a sustained to the		Dagger of a condition	acetone		
55	Fuel is contaminated		•	Replace a fuel thoroughly		
	with water		there is the dew condensation water in the			
Comb	i icondensation water in the i					
		<u>le operation</u> about 15 seconds after sv	witching on			
	Lens of photo cell is	Take a flame monitor out,		Clean the lens of flame		
"	dirty or dusty	and check whether its lens	•	monitor with soft cloth		
	1	is clear or not	detect flame properly			
	《How to clean the lens	. 6				
		() () () () () ()		lame Monitor		
	→ Cotton Swab Soft Cloth					
	screws burn	ner cover flame mon	itor			

Tip-over switch cord is

disconnection / Tip-over switch is defective

Cord color: red-red

Standard: 0Ω (with level

No.	Possible Cause	How to check	Result	Remedy			
Overvoltage lamp lights during operation (Low voltage detection is working)							
66	The heater detects low	Check the voltage of power	If it shows less than 90% of	Plug into a working outlet			
	voltage	source	standard voltage, the				
		•	heater detects low voltage				
		EPX5 AC120V					
67		Not applicable in above		Replace a burner control			
Comb	ustion is not stable						
68	Loose fitting in fuel line	Confirm no loose fitting	If any loose fitting exist,	Tighten all fittings and			
		between fuel tank and fuel	fuel pump suck the air	repeat start-operation			
		pump					
Smok	e comes out						
Smo	ke is continuous for a	bout 3 minutes (or heater	produces WHITE smoke)				
69	Fuel viscosity is	Check whether ambient	If temperature is under –	Warming up fuel, refueling			
	increased by low	temperature is not under	20°C or summer fuel is	winter fuel or mixing			
	ambient temperature	minus 20 degree Celsius (-	used, fuel is not sprayed	kerosene with fuel in order			
		20°C) and make sure	normally from the nozzle	to decrease fuel viscosity			
		winter fuel is used	because fuel viscosity is				
			increased by low ambient				
			temperature				
70	Nozzle is clogged			Replace a nozzle			
				Clean and flush the tank			
				with kerosene, alcohol or			
				acetone			
	<u>ter produces BLACK s</u>		-				
71	Combustion air is	i≣i	<u> </u>	Replace a combustion fan			
	insufficient	combustion fan is working	not run, imperfect	and/or a burner control			
			combustion occurs by low				
			If vanes are dusty,	Clean a vanes of			
		combustion fan are dusty	imperfect combustion is	combustion fan			
		Ol	occurs by low oxygen	Adinate a sin internet			
		Check whether air inlet	If opening is small,	Adjust a air inlet opening			
		opening for combustion is	imperfect combustion	Normal scale: 5			
		appropriate Check whether applied	occurs by low oxygen If applied voltage is lower	Find a cause(s) of low			
		voltage is normal	than 108V, imperfect	voltage and solve it			
		<u> </u>		* or plug into another			
		EPX5 AC120V	•	outlet			
		21 70 701201	speed occurs	outiet			
Hea	Heater is using in high altitude						
			If its altitude is higher than	Expand an air inlet opening			
		is operating in an altitude	1000m, imperfect	gradually until smoke is			
		higher than 1000m	combustion occurs by low	clear away			
	altitude	_	oxygen environment	Normal scale: 5			
	《How to adjust a air inlet opening》						
			9				
		gradually until smoke is					
	clear away or flame doesn't protrude from the						
	radiation disk. (scale :from 5 to 5.5 or 6 etc)						
		JJ.					
	·						

No.	Possible Cause	How to check	Result	Remedy		
Smell	mell of fuel comes out					
	Combustion air is too	Check whether air inlet	If air inlet opening if too	Narrow an air inlet opening		
	much	<u> </u>	much, imperfect	Normal scale: 5		
		<u> </u>	combustion occurs			
74	Fuel filter element is	Check with eyes whether		Replace a fuel filter		
	clogged	or not the fuel filter is dirty		·		
		or fouled				
75	Nozzle is incorrect	Check whether correct noz	zle is used	Replace a correct nozzle		
		0.85USgal/h 60°H for only	H-lot			
		0.75 USgal $/$ h 60° H $forotheoutheoutheoutheoutheoutheoutheoutheo$				
	bounces out from the	e disk				
76	Combustion air is	Check whether vanes of	If vanes are dusty,	Clean a vanes of		
	insufficient	combustion fan are dusty	imperfect combustion is	combustion fan		
			occurs by low oxygen			
		Check whether air inlet	If opening is small,	Adjust a air inlet opening		
		opening for combustion is	imperfect combustion	Normal scale: 5		
		appropriate	occurs by low oxygen			
	<u>ter is using in high alti</u>					
77	Oxygen for combustion	Check whether the heater	If its altitude is higher than	Expand an air inlet opening		
	is low because of high	is operating in an altitude	1000m, imperfect	gradually until smoke is		
	altitude	higher than 1000m	combustion occurs by low	clear away		
			oxygen environment	Normal scale: 5		
	geover switch doesn't					
78	Changeover switch	Check the conduction of	If it doesn't conduct $(\infty \Omega)$	Replace a changeover		
	cord is disconnection /		when the changeover	switch		
	Changeover switch is	Cord color: white-white	switch is "ON", changeover			
	defective	Standard: 0Ω (with	switch cord is			
		changeover switch "ON")	disconnection /			
			changeover switch is			
79	Solenoid valve cord is	Measure voltage at 1-3	If it shows standard voltage	Replace a fuel pump		
'	disconnection /	PIN terminal of fuel pump	AC 230V (EPX1)/AC 120V	rtopiace a raci pamp		
	Solenoid valve is	connector (CN 14) on	(EPX5), the fuel pump is			
	defective	burner control	defective.			
	401001170	barrior corrector	If it shows 0V, the burner	Replace a burner control		
			control is defective.	Replace a burner control		
80	Solenoid valve of fuel	Disconnect fuel pump	If it shows 0Ω, the fuel	Replace a fuel pump		
00	•	connector (CN 14) from	pump coil is short-circuited			
		circuit board, then measure	(Cord color & Standard valu			
		resistance between	•	EPX5 yellow-yellow:		
		•	approx. $3.3k\Omega$	approx. 700Ω		
81		Not applicable in above		Replace a burner control		
	nternal thermostat doesn't work (Heater doesn't stop operation at preset temperature)					
		•		Remove or turn off an		
	working	external thermostat	heater complies with the	external thermostat		
			preset of external			
	《Relationship between	Internal thermostat and Exte	ernal thermostat》	<i>5</i>		
	Heater shall comply with higher preset temperature between internal and external thermostat. In order to					
			stat knob must be set on "Ex			
			set at lowest preset tempera	-		
	thermostat is used.					

No.	Possible Cause	How to check	Result	Remedy
83	Adjustable resistor (Internal thermostat cable) connector (CN 16) is loose connection	Plug adjustable resistor connector (CN 16) again	If it works normally, adjustable resistor connector fails on contact	Plug connector (CN 16) firmly
84	Adjustable resistor (Internal thermostat cable) is defective	resistor connector (CN 16) from burner control, then measure coil resistance values	value, the adjustable resistor is defective	Replace an adjustable resistor (internal thermostat cable)
		(Standard value on each scale)	Ext. thermo -0Ω Scale 3 $-1k\Omega$ Cont. $-2k\Omega$	
85	Thermistor (Temperature sensor) connector (CN 17) is	Plug thermistor connector (CN 17) again	ī	Plug connector (CN 17) firmly
86	Thermistor (Temperature sensor) is defective	Disconnect thermistor connector (CN 17) from burner control, then measure coil resistance values (Standard value on each preset temperature)	If it shows $\infty \Omega$ or considerably abnormal value, the thermistor is defective $0^{\circ}C - 24k\Omega \\ 10^{\circ}C - 19.5k\Omega \\ 20^{\circ}C - 13k\Omega \\ 30^{\circ}C - 8.9k\Omega$	Replace a Thermistor (Temperature sensor)
87		Not applicable in above		Replace a burner control

